



OVERVIEW

- Legal requirements and laws Civil Contingencies Act 2004
- It imposes a clear set of roles and responsibilities on those organisations with a role to play in preparing for and responding to emergencies.
- The Civil Contingencies Act 2004 prescribes, in the first instance, a consistent set of four duties across all the Category 1 responders, which include the emergency services, local authorities, health services and other organisations likely to be involved in most emergencies.

RESPONDERS

Category 1 Responders ("core responders")

- Emergencies Services
- Police Forces British Transport Police
- Fire Authorities
- Ambulance Services
- Maritime and Coastguard Agency

Local authorities

- All principal local authorities (i.e. metropolitan districts, shire counties, shire districts, shire unitaries)
- Port Health Authorities Health bodies
- Primary Care Trusts
- Acute Trusts
- Foundation Trusts
- Health Protection Agency Government Agencies
- Environment Agency
- Military

Category 2 Responders ("co-operating responders")

- Utilities
- Electricity distributors and transmitters
- Gas distributors
- Water and sewerage undertakers
- Telephone service providers (fixed and mobile)
- Transport
- Network Rail
- Train Operating Companies (passenger and freight)
- London Underground
- Transport for London
- Airport operators
- Harbour authorities
- Highways Agency



TYPES OF RISK AND HAZARDS

- Powers cuts
- Gales
- · Flooding and flash flooding
- Water Supply
- · Telephone connections and broadband
- Fire



SO HOW DOES THE PARISH COUNCIL START TO IMPLEMENT THEIR OWN RESILIENCE PLAN

- Identify the risks most likely to impact the community
- Identify relevant steps to mitigate and respond to emergency situations
- Identify vulnerable people/groups/establishments in the community
- Identify community resources available to assist during an emergency



HOW ARE YOU GOING TO IMPLEMENT THE EMERGENCY PLAN

- What needs to be considered?
- Population levels who is at priority risk?
- Social risks use the population statistics giving age distribution.
- Resource availability who has what available.
- What skills do you have in the community retired from emergency or military services?





HAVENS OF WARMTH

- Working with Parish and Town Councils using suitable resource to support residents who need warmth, food, comfort and support.
- How does this develop?
- How to encourage people in areas of need and communicating this with your parish and community.
- Think about suitable buildings that will offer refuge.
- Don't allow people "suffer in silence".

What buildings should be available – community halls, village halls:

- Small areas to keep the rooms warm.
- · Access to toilets.
- Clean environment.
- What type of food is suitable access to food and drinks.